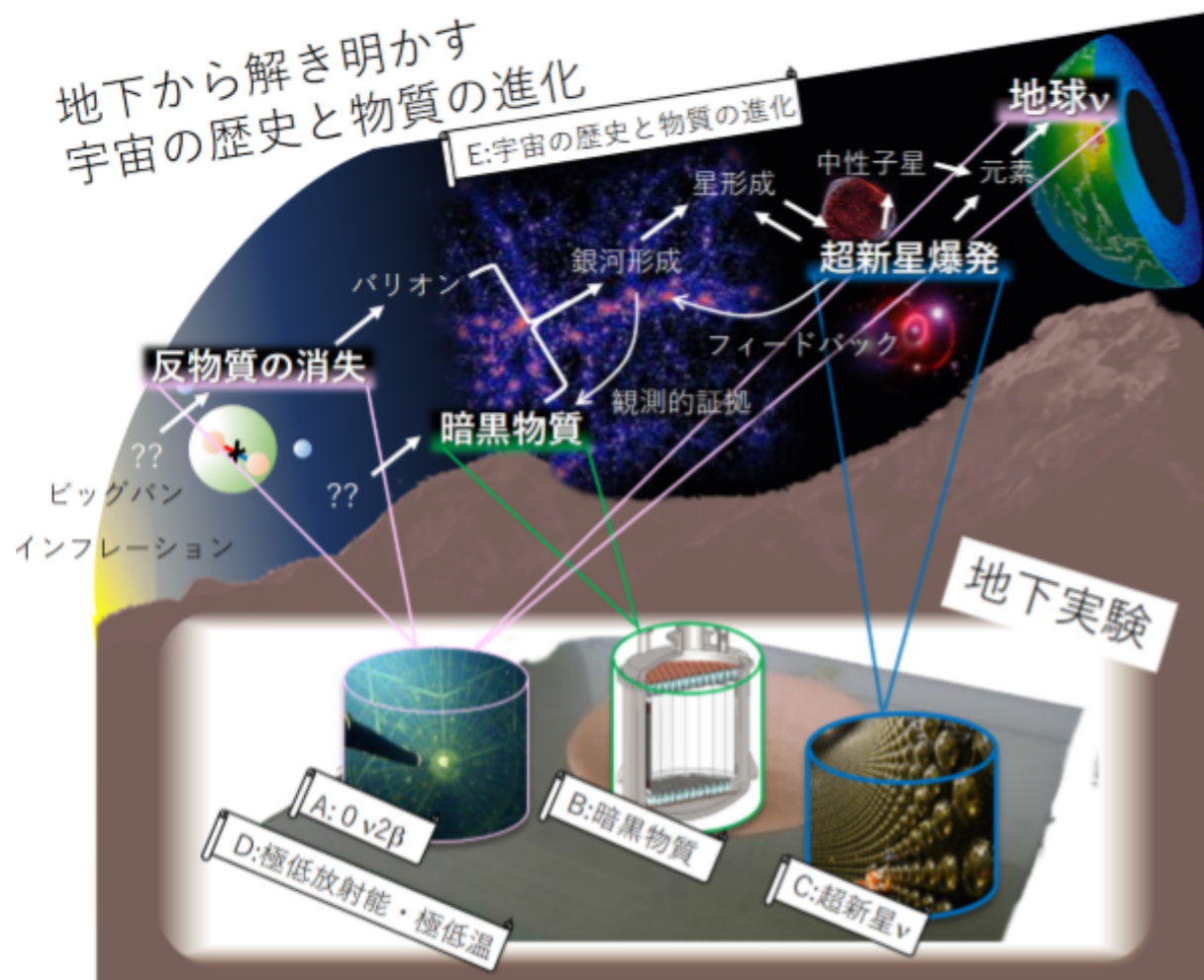


各種暗黒物質探索実験データと 素粒子模型を 系統的に照合するための枠組構築

新学術領域研究「地下宇宙研究」



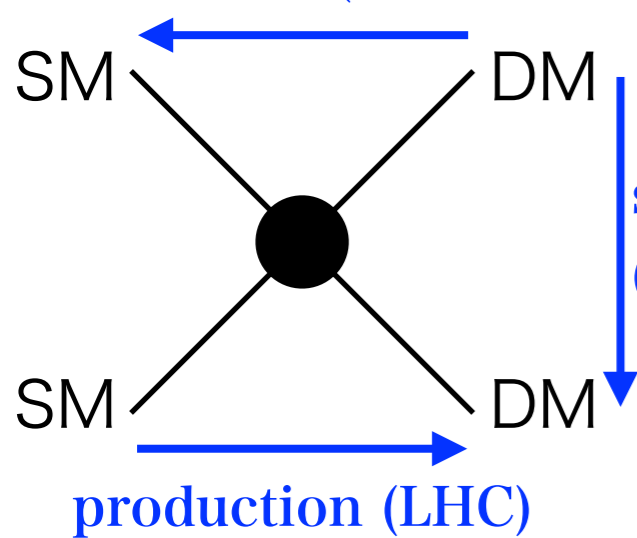
馬渡 健太郎



E01: 物質の起源を解明する新たな素粒子模型と
初期宇宙進化の理論研究

Various dark matter searches

Annihilation (relic density)
(indirect detection)



LHC
NA62
ILC*
CEPC*
FCC*
...

Particle physics
colliders, direct detection

LUX
CDMSLite
PandaX
CRESST
XMASS
NEWAGE
...

Fermi-LAT
AMS-02
Super-K

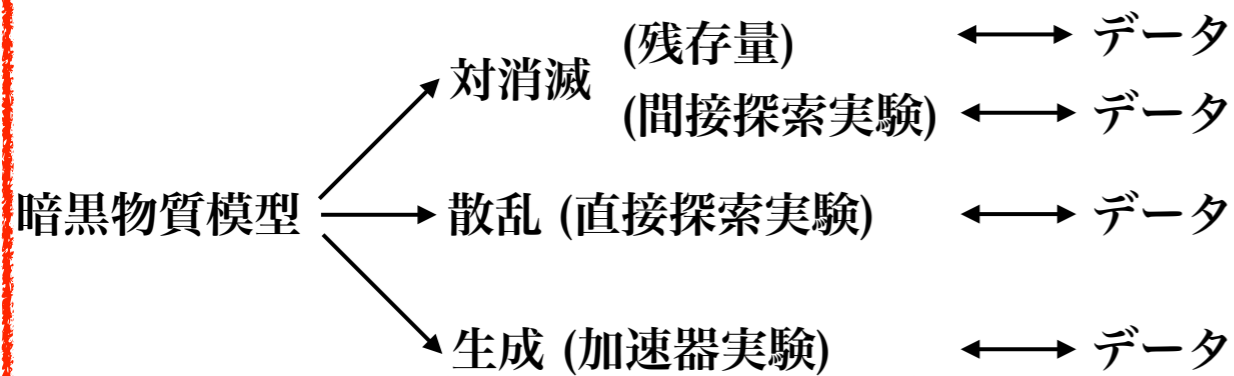
Astrophysics
cosmic rays

Cosmology
CMB
gravitational lens/wave

WMAP
Planck
LIGO
KAGRA*
LISA*
...

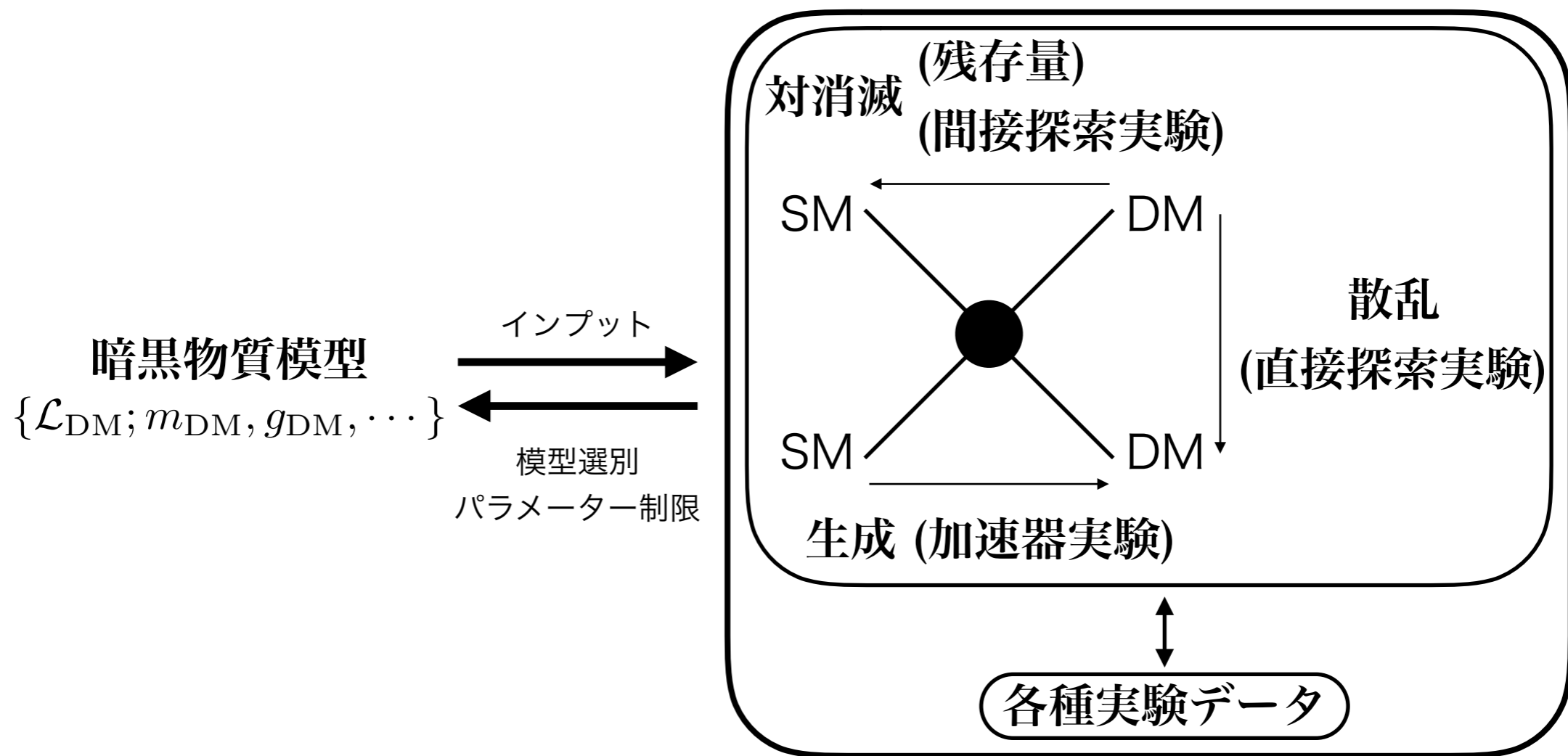
dark matter

従来の暗黒物質模型の研究の流れ



Goal: building an analysis framework of DM searches

本研究が提案する暗黒物質模型の研究枠組

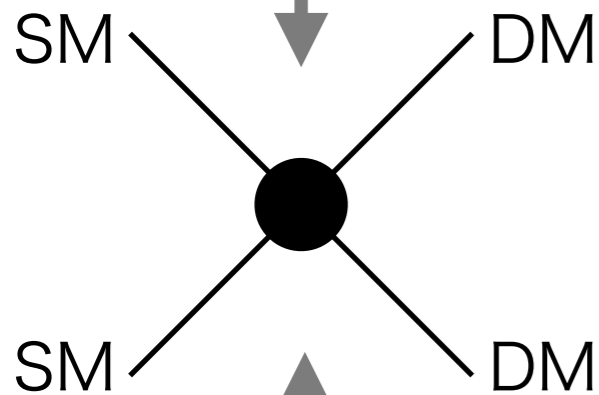
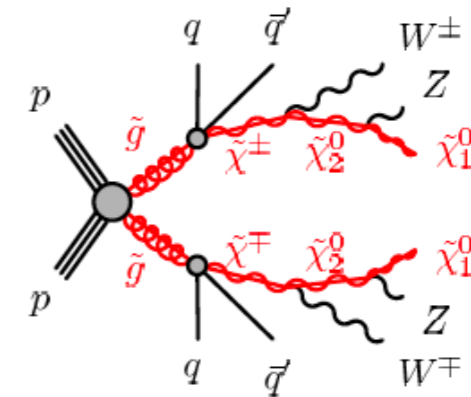


1. 暗黒物質模型のラグランジアンを共通のインプット
2. 各種探索実験に必要な物理量を計算
3. 各種実験データとの比較

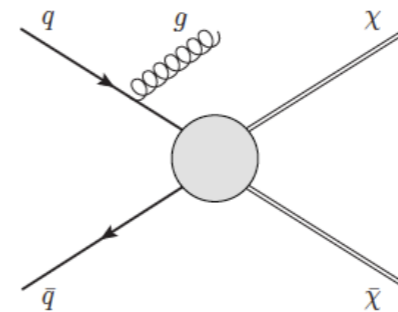
DM (or MET) searches at LHC Run-I

Top-down approach

UV model : SUSY, ExtraDim, ...
 $\{\mathcal{L}; m_{\text{DM}}, m_1, m_2, \dots, g_1, g_2, \dots\}$



EFT : SM + DM particles
 $\{\mathcal{L}; m_{\text{DM}}, M_*\}$ $\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{M_*^2} \bar{\chi} \Gamma^\mu \chi \bar{q} \Gamma_\mu q$



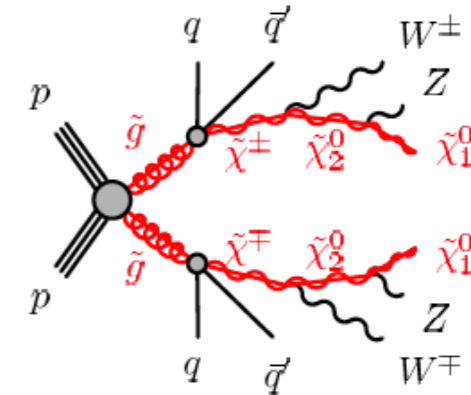
Bottom-up approach

DM (or MET) searches at LHC Run-II

Top-down approach

UV model : SUSY, ExtraDim, ...

$$\{\mathcal{L}; m_{\text{DM}}, m_1, m_2, \dots, g_1, g_2, \dots\}$$

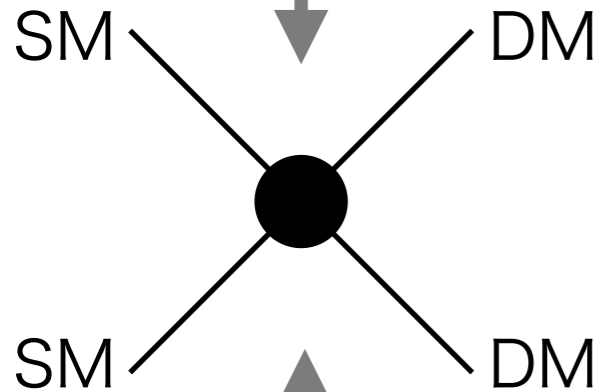
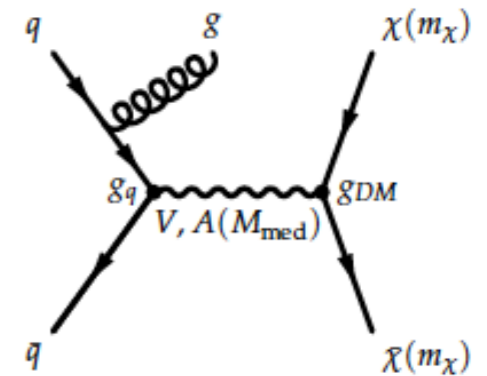
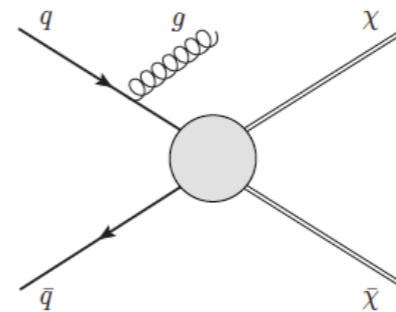


Simplified model : SM + DM + Mediator particles

$$\{\mathcal{L}; m_{\text{DM}}, m_{\text{med}}, g_{\text{DM}}, g_q\} \quad \mathcal{L} = g_{\text{DM}} Z'_\mu \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \chi + g_q Z'_\mu \bar{q} \gamma^\mu q$$

EFT : SM + DM particles

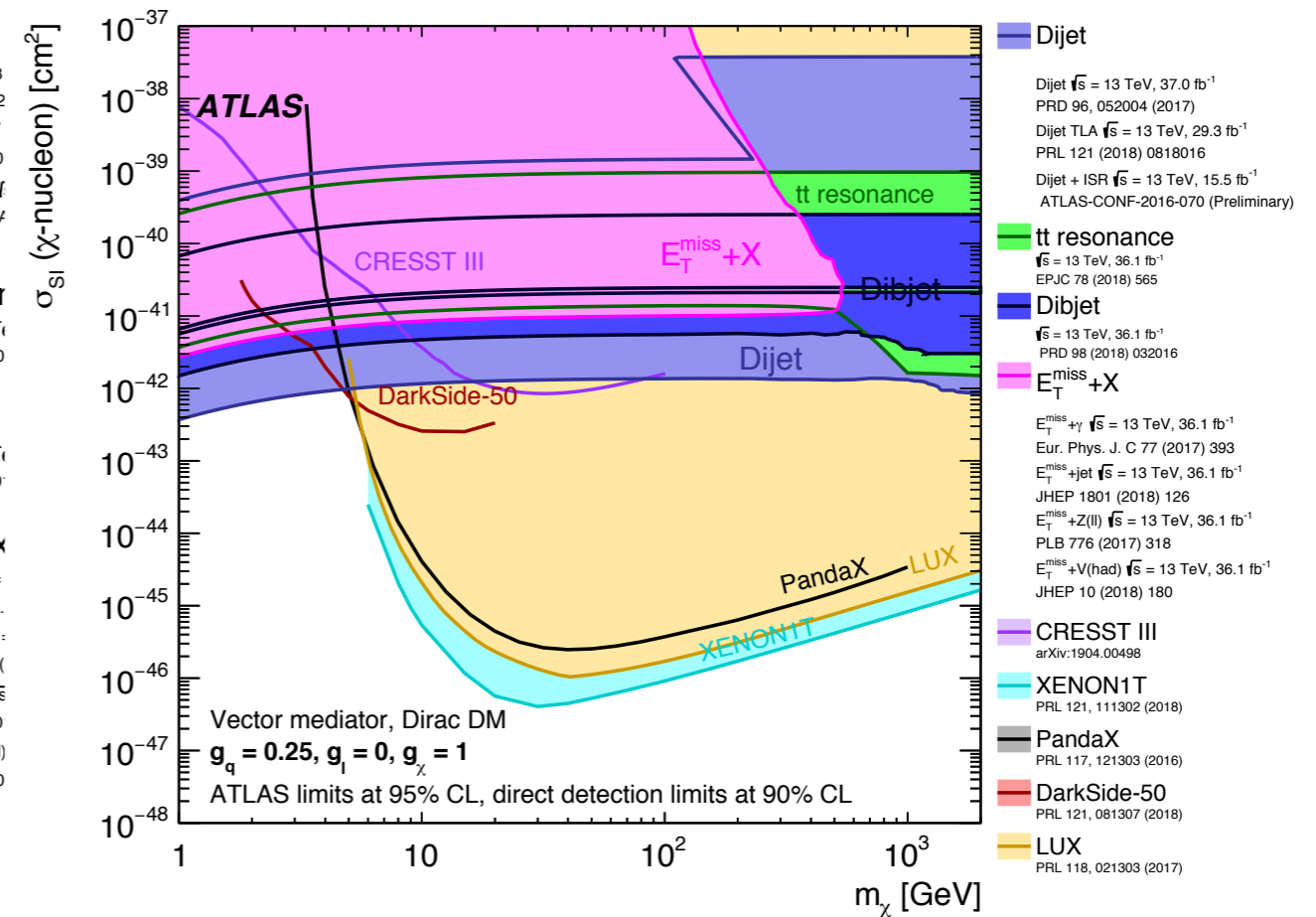
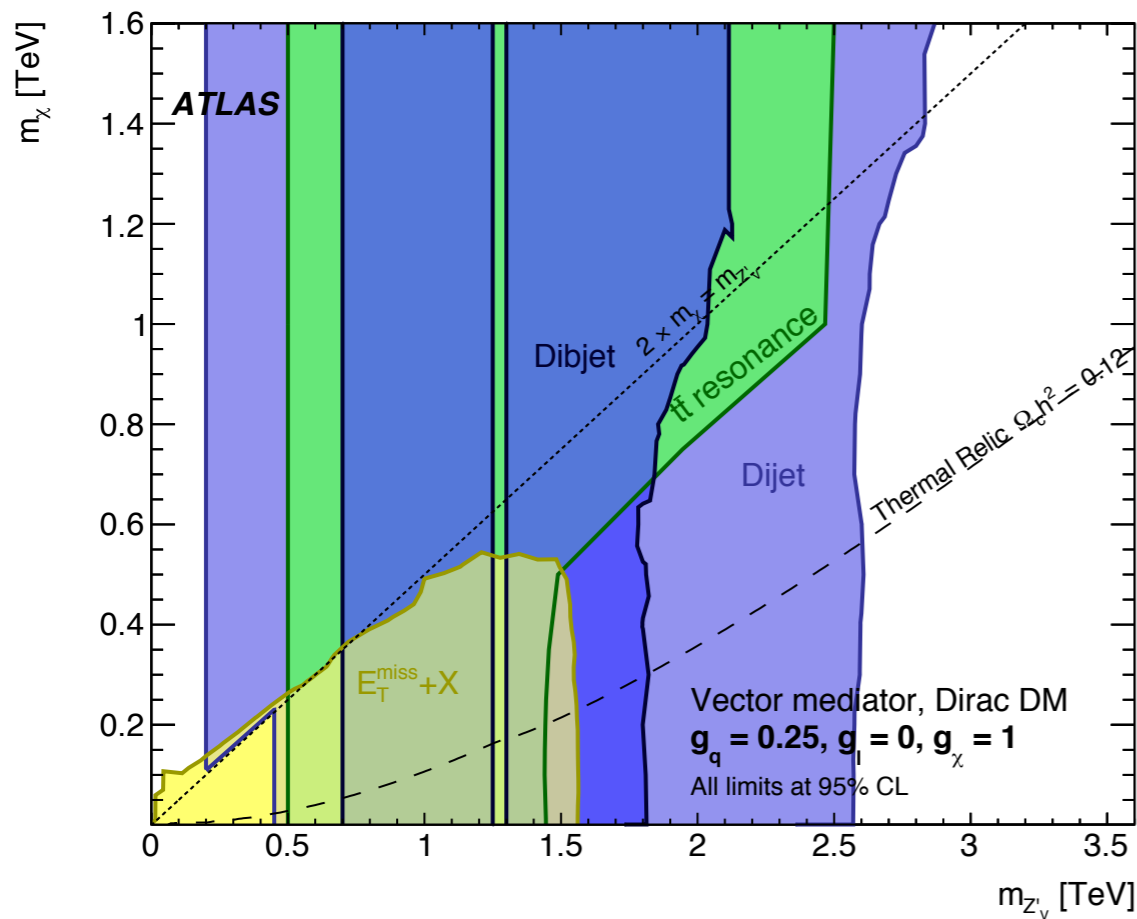
$$\{\mathcal{L}; m_{\text{DM}}, M_*\} \quad \mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{M_*^2} \bar{\chi} \Gamma^\mu \chi \bar{q} \Gamma_\mu q$$



Bottom-up approach

Constraints on mediator-based dark matter and scalar dark energy models using $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV pp collision data collected by the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration



missing E vs. resonance searches

collider vs. direct searches

Constraints on mediator-based dark matter and scalar dark energy models using $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV pp collision data collected by the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration

Table 4: Details of the generation setup and Universal FeynRules Output (UFO) model used for the spin-1 mediator simplified models, for each signature considered in this paper.

Model and Final State	UFO	Generator and Parton Shower	Cross-section	Additional details
$Z'(\chi\bar{\chi}) + j$	DMV [26, 215]	POWHEG-BOX v2 [216] + PYTHIA 8.205 [217]	NLO	Particle-level rescaling of leptophobic Z'_A scenario of Ref. [26] (see Appendix A.1)
$Z'(\chi\bar{\chi}) + \gamma$	<u>DMSimp</u> [116, 218]	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.4.3 (NLO) [213] + PYTHIA 8.212	NLO	Leptophobic Z'_A scenario simulated, other scenarios obtained by cross-section rescaling (see Appendix A.1)
$Z'(\chi\bar{\chi}) + V$	<u>DMSimp</u>	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.5.3 (NLO) + PYTHIA 8.212	NLO	Particle-level rescaling of LO samples of Ref. [20] to each of the four NLO scenarios (see Appendix A.1)
$Z'(qq)$ or $Z'(qq)+ISR$	<u>DMSimp</u>	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.2.3 (NLO) + PYTHIA 8.210	NLO	Leptophobic Z'_A scenario simulated, other scenario obtained by Gaussian resonance limits and cross-section rescaling [214]
$Z'(b\bar{b})$	<u>DMSimp</u>	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.2.3 (NLO) + PYTHIA 8.210	NLO	Leptophobic Z'_A scenario simulated, other scenario obtained by Gaussian resonance limits and cross-section rescaling [214]

DMSimp: Simplified dark matter models

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Description of the model

This is simplified dark matter models for NLO.

The mixed spin-0 mediator model is a LO model for MadDM with the inclusion of effective ggY and aaY couplings.

Our lagrangian consists of different types of DM:

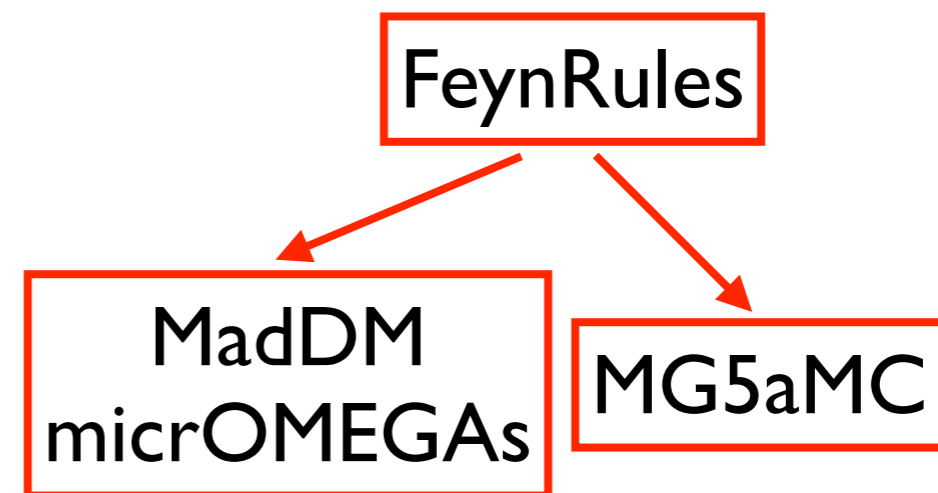
- Xr (real scalar DM)
- Xc (complex scalar DM)
- Xd (Dirac spinor DM)
- Xm (Majorana spinor DM) [to be done.]
- Xv (vector DM)
- ...

and different types of mediators:

- s-channel
 - Y0 (spin-0)
 - Y1 (spin-1)
 - Y2 (spin-2)
 - ...
- t-channel [to be done.]

See more details in

- [1508.00564](#) : O. Mattelaer, E. Vryonidou, "Dark matter production through loop-induced processes at the LHC: the s-channel mediator case" (EPJC75(2015)436).
- [1508.05327](#) : M. Backovic, M. Kramer, F. Maltoni, A. Martini, K. Mawatari, M. Pellen, "Higher-order QCD predictions for dark matter production at the LHC in simplified models with s-channel mediators" (EPJC75(2015)482).
- [1509.05785](#) : M. Neubert, J. Wang, C. Zhang, "Higher-order QCD predictions for dark matter production in mono-Z searches at the LHC"



A comprehensive simplified DM study: s-channel spin-0

Cosmology	relic		$m_X > m_t$	Arina, Backovic, Conte, Fuks, Guo, Heisig, Hespel, Kraemer, Maltoni, Martini, KM, Pellen, Vryonidou [1605.09242, JHEP] Planck, FermiLAT
	indirect		$m_X < m_t$	
Astrophysics			$m_X > m_Y$	
	direct		$m_X > 1 \text{ GeV}$	LUX, CDMSLite
Colliders	E_T		$m_Y > 2m_X$	
	no E_T		$m_Y > 2m_t$	
			$m_Y > 2m_t$	
			$m_Y < 2m_X,$	

$$\mathcal{L}_{t,X}^{Y_0} = -\left(g_t \frac{y_t}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{t}t + g_X \bar{X}X\right)Y_0$$

X=DM
Y=mediator

Spin-2 model: MET vs. resonance searches

Kraml, Laa, KM, Yamashita [1701.07008, EPJC]

$$\mathcal{L}_X^{Y_2} = -\frac{1}{\Lambda} g_X^T T_{\mu\nu}^X Y_2^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{Y_2} = -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \sum_i g_i^T T_{\mu\nu}^i Y_2^{\mu\nu}$$

$$g_{\text{SM}} \equiv g_H^T = g_q^T = g_\ell^T = g_g^T = g_W^T = g_B^T$$

$$\{m_X, m_Y, g_X/\Lambda, g_{\text{SM}}/\Lambda\}$$

