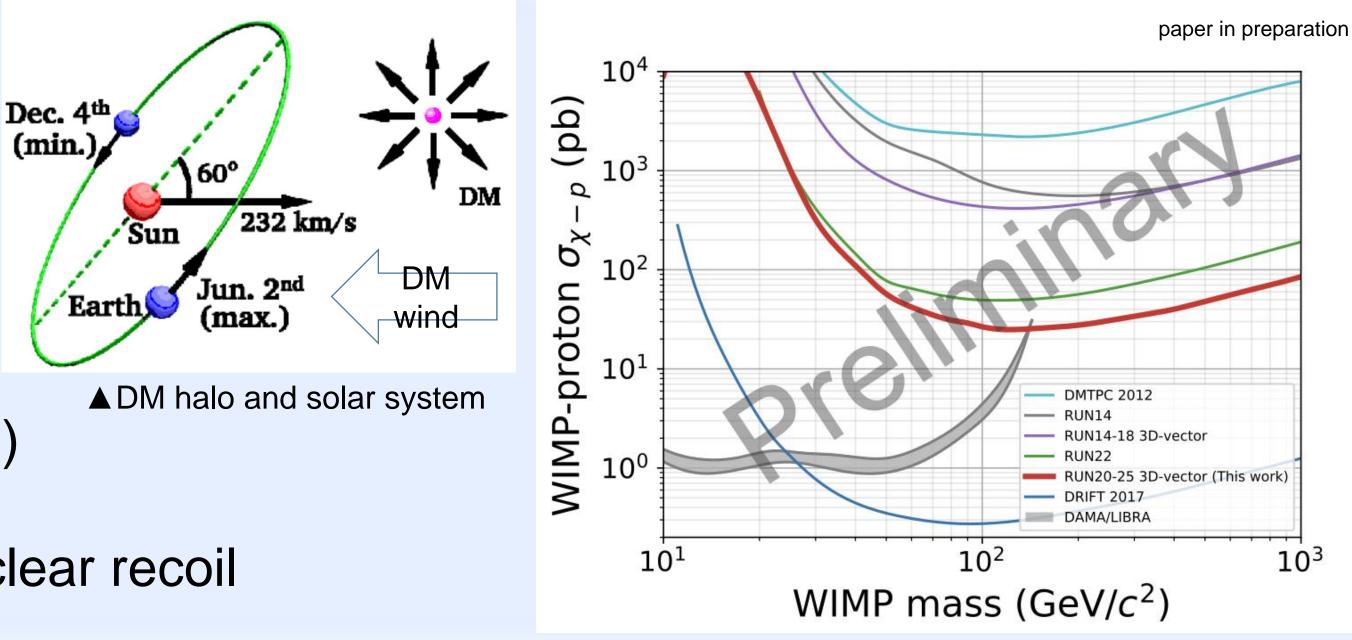
Direction Sensitive WIMP-search NEWAGE

## Direction-sensitive dark matter search using lower pressure gaseous TPC Ayaka Nakayama Kobe Univ. on behalf of NEWAGE group 2022/6/13-15UGAP2022

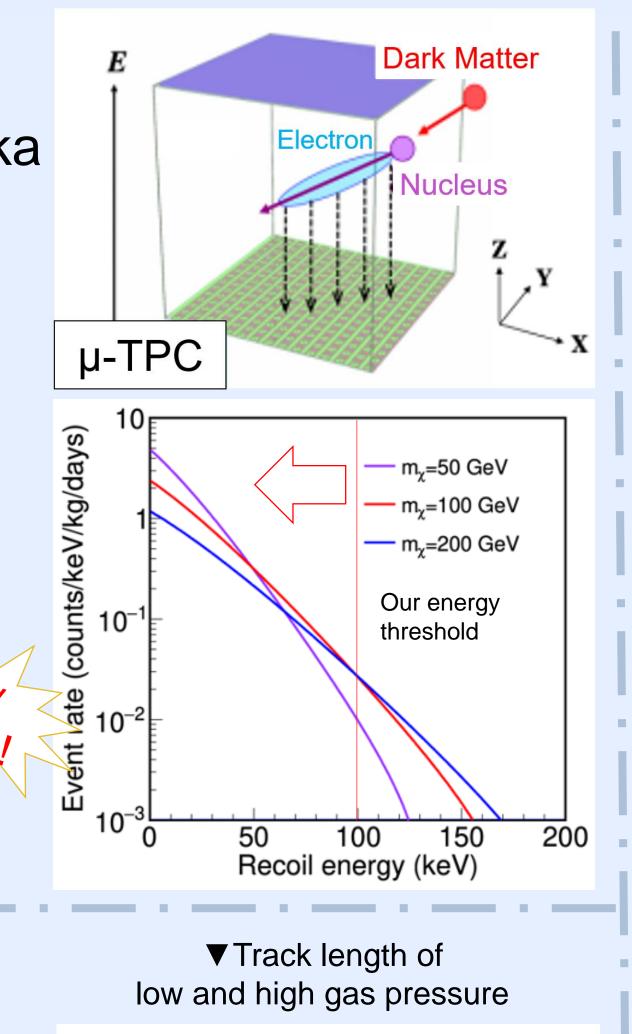
# Introduction

- What is dark matter ?
  - Existence proven by astronomical observations and cosmology
- Direct dark matter search with directionality
  - Dark matter exists in the Milky Way Galaxy
    - $\rightarrow$  Solar system moving in the Galaxy receives dark matter from the direction of movement ("Dark matter wind")
- NEWAGE •
  - Direction-sensitive search by measuring scattering angle of nuclear recoil



## Detector

- Measurement at Lab-B in Kamioka
  - $CF_4$  gas
    - $30 \times 30 \times 40 \text{ cm}^3$
  - 2D strip readout with 400  $\mu$ m pitch ( $\mu$ -PIC)
- Count rate of nuclear recoil is higher for lower energy
  - Especially for low mass DM
- We need lower threshold ←Limited by track length ←Limited by gas gain
- 1. Lower pressure gaseous TPC
- Gas pressure :  $76 \rightarrow 50$  torr  $\rightarrow$  Allows lower energy event reconstruction  $\rightarrow$  Threshold improvement is expected

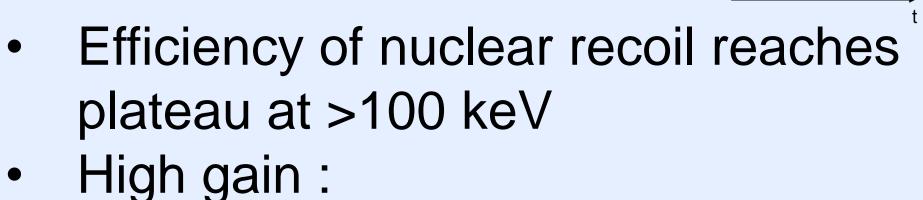


# 2. High gas gain operation

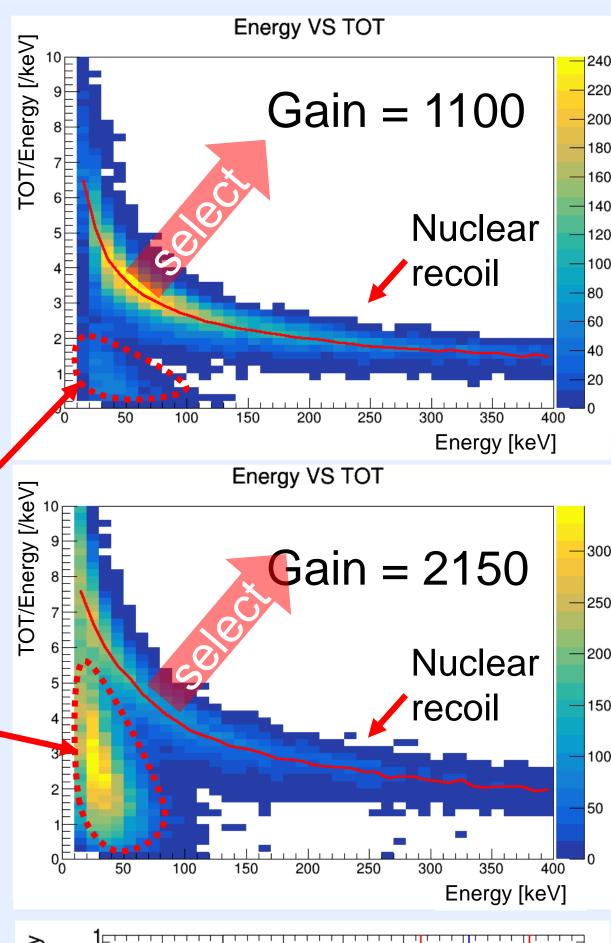
- Measurement of Efficiency using a neutron source (<sup>252</sup>Cf)
  - Operation at a high gas gain to improve efficiency for low energy events
  - 50 keV threshold to be lowered

threshol

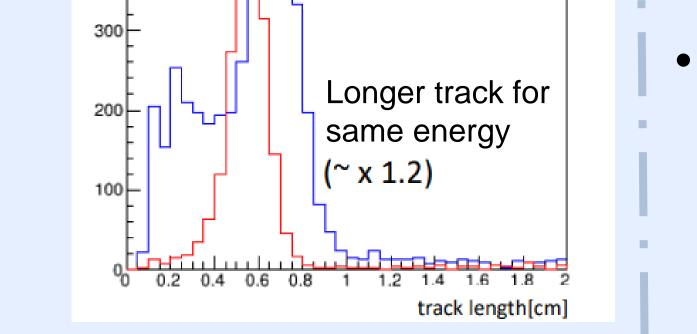
- Electron recoil rejection
  - Track length cut
  - TOT/Energy cut



electron recoil events contaminate nuclear recoil events at <100 keV Low gain : lower efficiency, but pure nuclear recoil events are successfully To be selected fixed



🗕 Gain = 1100

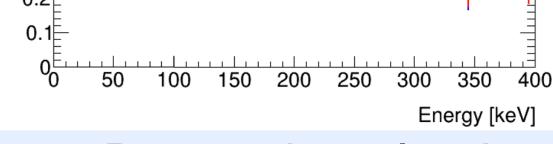


Ishiura, Kobe University JPS Autumn meeting, Sep 2020

preliminary

-:50-60 keV @60Torr

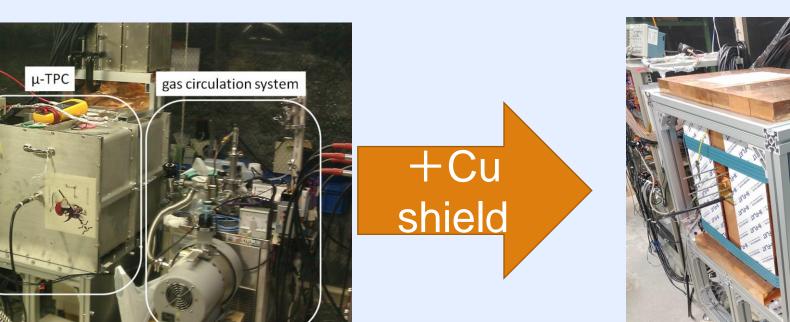
-: 50-60 keV @76Torr

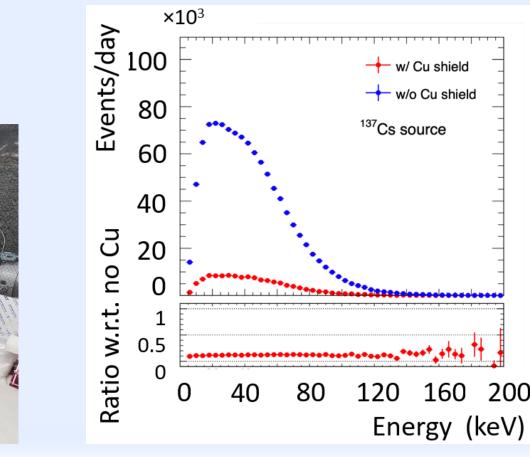


- Best gain selection
- Gamma rejection improvement

## 3.Cu shield

Installed to reduce ambient gamma

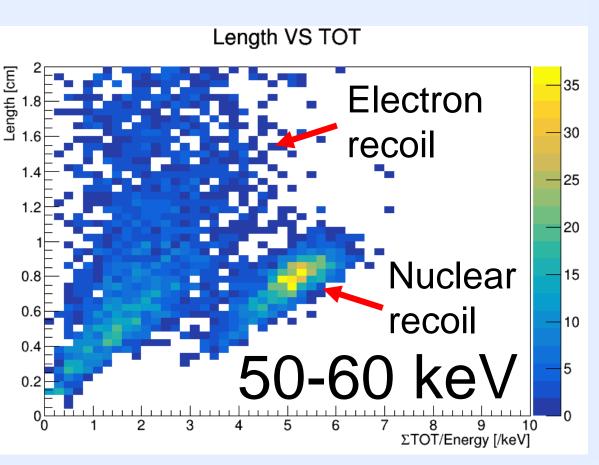




▼Gamma rejection by copper shield

- NEXT STEP
- Additional event selection is needed to reduce more gamma BG

e.g. correlation between track length and TOT



C/N-1.0

• C/N-1.0 : Large detector we're going

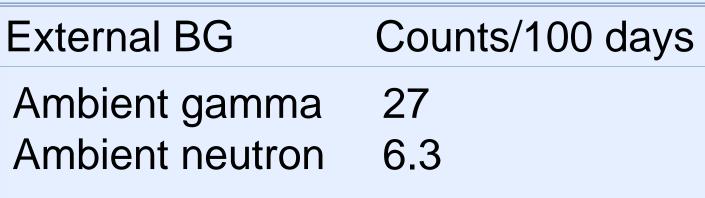
# Large shield

- External BG reduction by shielding with...
  - Copper for Gamma

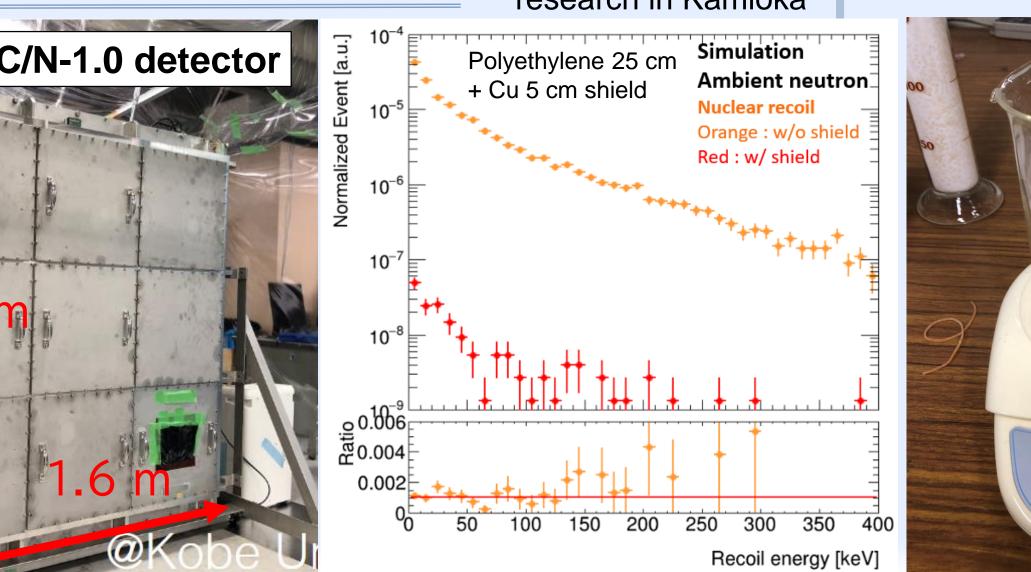
#### Shield under development !



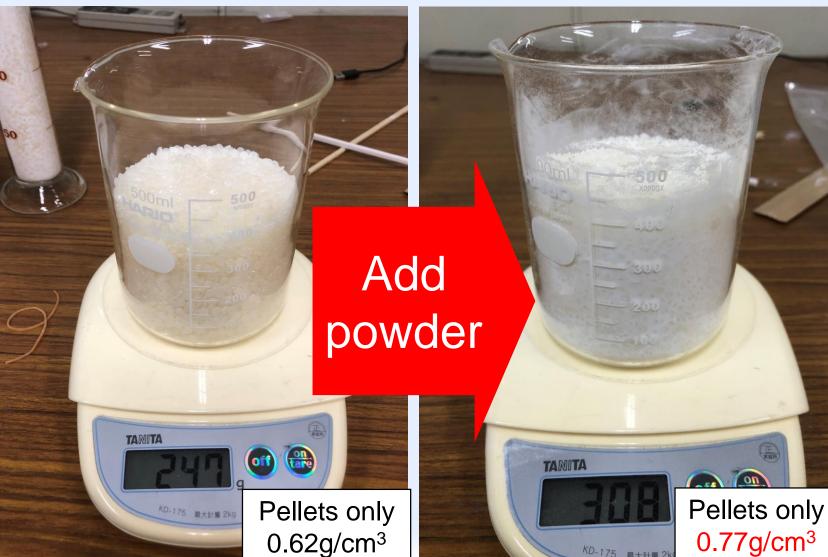
### to install in Lab-B in Kamioka



The number of expected BG events for C/N-1.0 in the energy region of 50-60 keV from prior research in Kamioka



- Polyethylene (PE) pellets for Neutron
- Rejection power is estimated by simulation, but...
  - Density (Block) 0.92 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
    - $\leftarrow$  pellets 0.62 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
    - $\leftarrow$  pellets + powder 0.77 g/cm



Particle size 60 µm ¥1,100 /kg

## Summary

- We need lower energy threshold
  - Trying low pressure gas, high gas gain and Cu shield
  - Additional event selection needed
- C/N-1.0 shield under development Decided to use PE pellets + PE powder